

Distributional word representations: dimensionality reduction

Chris Potts
Stanford Linguistics

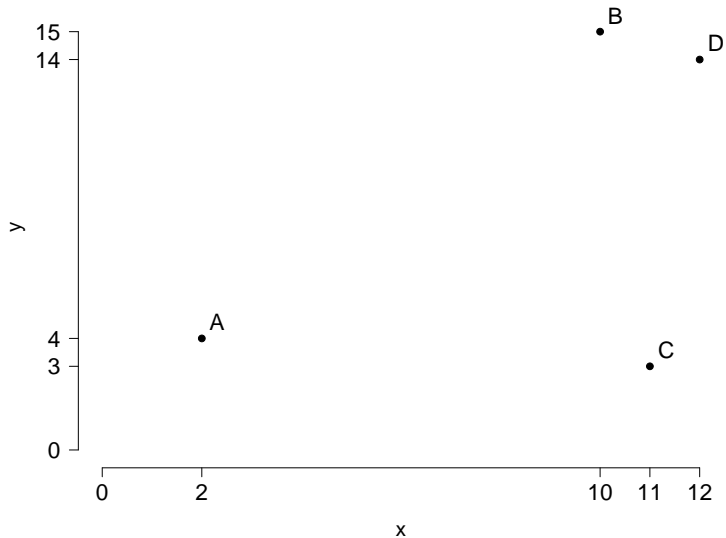
CS 244U: Natural language understanding



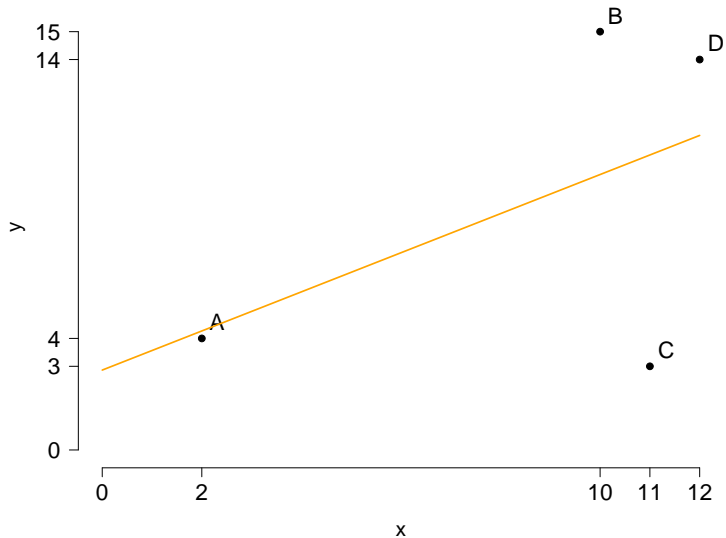
Goals

- Eliminate correlations
- Improve similarity measures

Guiding intuitions



Guiding intuitions



Latent Semantics Analysis (LSA)

Singular value decomposition

For any matrix of real numbers A of dimension $(m \times n)$ there exists a factorization into matrices T , S , D such that

$$A_{m \times n} = T_{m \times m} S_{m \times m} D_{n \times m}^T$$

Latent Semantics Analayis (LSA)

Singular value decomposition

For any matrix of real numbers A of dimension $(m \times n)$ there exists a factorization into matrices T , S , D such that

$$A_{m \times n} = T_{m \times m} S_{m \times m} D_{n \times m}^T$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & & \\ & \cdot & \\ & & \cdot \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{pmatrix}^T$$

$$A_{3 \times 4} = T_{3 \times 3} S_{3 \times 3} D_{4 \times 3}^T$$

Example

	d1	d2	d3	d4	d5	d6
gnarly	1	0	1	0	0	0
wicked	0	1	0	1	0	0
awesome	1	1	1	1	0	0
lame	0	0	0	0	1	1
terrible	0	0	0	0	0	1



Example

	d1	d2	d3	d4	d5	d6
gnarly	1	0	1	0	0	0
wicked	0	1	0	1	0	0
awesome	1	1	1	1	0	0
lame	0	0	0	0	1	1
terrible	0	0	0	0	0	1



Distance from *gnarly*

1. gnarly
2. awesome
3. terrible
4. wicked
5. lame

Example

	d1	d2	d3	d4	d5	d6
gnarly	1	0	1	0	0	0
wicked	0	1	0	1	0	0
awesome	1	1	1	1	0	0
lame	0	0	0	0	1	1
terrible	0	0	0	0	0	1



Distance from *gnarly*

1. gnarly
2. awesome
3. terrible
4. wicked
5. lame

	T(erm)					
gnarly	0.41	0.00	0.71	0.00	-0.58	
wicked	0.41	0.00	-0.71	0.00	-0.58	
awesome	0.82	-0.00	-0.00	-0.00	0.58	
lame	0.00	0.85	0.00	-0.53	0.00	
terrible	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.85	0.00	

×

	S(ingular values)					
1	2.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3	0.00	0.00	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00
4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00
5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00	0.00

×

	D(ocument)				
d1	0.50	-0.00	0.50	0.00	-0.71
d2	0.50	0.00	-0.50	0.00	0.00
d3	0.50	-0.00	0.50	0.00	0.71
d4	0.50	-0.00	-0.50	-0.00	0.00
d5	-0.00	0.53	0.00	-0.85	0.00
d6	0.00	0.85	0.00	0.53	0.00

T

Example

	d1	d2	d3	d4	d5	d6
gnarly	1	0	1	0	0	0
wicked	0	1	0	1	0	0
awesome	1	1	1	1	0	0
lame	0	0	0	0	1	1
terrible	0	0	0	0	0	1



Distance from <i>gnarly</i>
1. gnarly
2. awesome
3. terrible
4. wicked
5. lame

	T(erm)					
gnarly	0.41	0.00	0.71	0.00	-0.58	
wicked	0.41	0.00	-0.71	0.00	-0.58	
awesome	0.82	-0.00	-0.00	-0.00	0.58	
lame	0.00	0.85	0.00	-0.53	0.00	
terrible	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.85	0.00	



	S(ingular values)				
1	2.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
3	0.00	0.00	1.41	0.00	0.00
4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00
5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00



T

	D(ocument)				
d1	0.50	-0.00	0.50	0.00	-0.71
d2	0.50	0.00	-0.50	0.00	0.00
d3	0.50	-0.00	0.50	0.00	0.71
d4	0.50	-0.00	-0.50	-0.00	0.00
d5	-0.00	0.53	0.00	-0.85	0.00
d6	0.00	0.85	0.00	0.53	0.00

gnarly	0.41	0.00
wicked	0.41	0.00
awesome	0.82	-0.00
lame	0.00	0.85
terrible	0.00	0.53



2.45	0.00
0.00	1.62



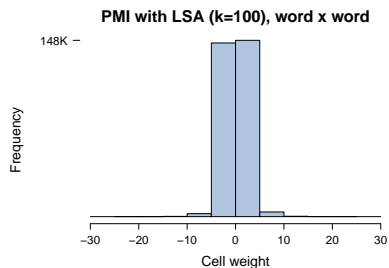
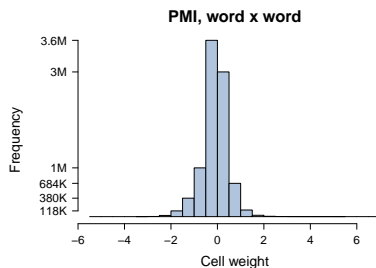
gnarly	1.00	0.00
wicked	1.00	0.00
awesome	2.00	0.00
lame	0.00	1.38
terrible	0.00	0.85

Distance from *gnarly*

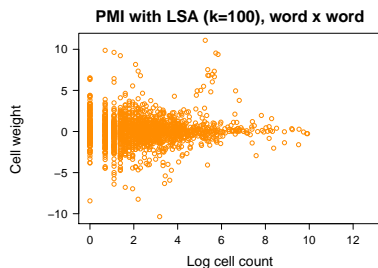
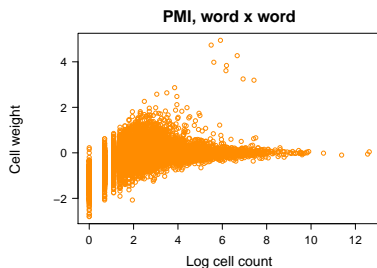
1. gnarly
2. wicked
3. awesome
4. terrible
5. lame

Comparisons before and after LSA with $k=100$

Comparisons before and after LSA with $k=100$

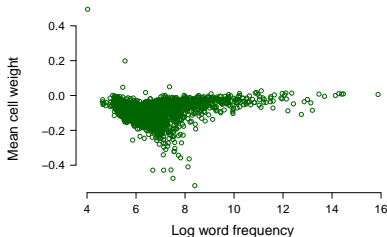


Comparisons before and after LSA with $k=100$

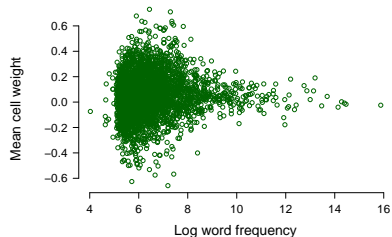


Comparisons before and after LSA with $k=100$

PMI, word x word



PMI with LSA (k=100), word x word



Other dimensionality reduction techniques

Other dimensionality reduction techniques

- Principal Components Analysis (PCA)

Other dimensionality reduction techniques

- Principal Components Analysis (PCA)
- Probabilistic LSA (PLSA)

Other dimensionality reduction techniques

- Principal Components Analysis (PCA)
- Probabilistic LSA (PLSA)
- Latent Dirichlet Allocation

Other dimensionality reduction techniques

- Principal Components Analysis (PCA)
- Probabilistic LSA (PLSA)
- Latent Dirichlet Allocation
- t-Distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding

Other dimensionality reduction techniques

- Principal Components Analysis (PCA)
- Probabilistic LSA (PLSA)
- Latent Dirichlet Allocation
- t-Distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding
- word2vec

Other dimensionality reduction techniques

- Principal Components Analysis (PCA)
- Probabilistic LSA (PLSA)
- Latent Dirichlet Allocation
- t-Distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding
- word2vec
- GloVe

Other dimensionality reduction techniques

- Principal Components Analysis (PCA)
- Probabilistic LSA (PLSA)
- Latent Dirichlet Allocation
- t-Distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding
- word2vec
- GloVe

For more: Turney and Pantel 2010, 'From frequency to meaning', p. 160.