Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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### Contextual word representations

#### **Christopher Potts**

Stanford Linguistics

CS 224U: Natural language understanding May 20



Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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#### Overview

- 1. Overview: Resources and guiding insights
- 2. ELMo: Embeddings from Language Models
- 3. Transformers
- 4. BERT: Bidirectional Encoder Representations from Transformers
- contextualreps.ipynb: Easy ways to bring ELMo and BERT into your project

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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### Associated materials

- Notebook: contextualreps.ipynb
- 2. Smith 2019
- 3. CS224n lecture: slides and YouTube version
- 4. ELMo:
  - Peters et al. 2018
  - Project site: https://allennlp.org/elmo
- 5. Transformer
  - Vaswani et al. 2017
  - Alexander Rush: The Annotated Transformer [link]
- 6. BERT
  - Devlin et al. 2019
  - > Project site: https://github.com/google-research/bert
  - bert-as-service [link]

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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- 1. a. The vase broke.
  - b. Dawn broke.
  - c. The news broke.
  - d. Sandy broke the world record.
  - e. Sandy broke the law.
  - f. The burgler broke into the house.
  - g. The newscaster broke into the movie broadcast.
  - h. We broke even.

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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- 1. a. The vase broke.
  - b. Dawn broke.
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  - f. The burgler broke into the house.
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  - h. We broke even.
- 2. a. flat tire/beer/note/surface
  - b. throw a party/fight/ball/fit

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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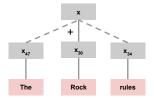
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  - h. We broke even.
- 2. a. flat tire/beer/note/surface
  - b. throw a party/fight/ball/fit
- 3. a. A crane caught a fish.
  - b. A crane picked up the steel beam.
  - c. I saw a crane.

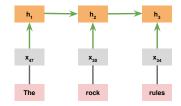
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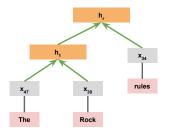
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- 3. a. A crane caught a fish.
  - b. A crane picked up the steel beam.
  - c. I saw a crane.
- 4. a. Are there typos? I didn't see any.
  - b. Are there bookstores downtown? I didn't see any.

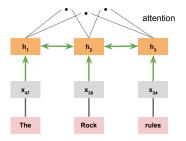
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#### Model structure and linguistic structure

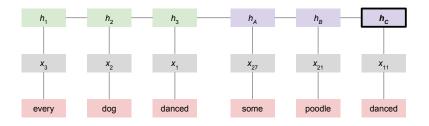




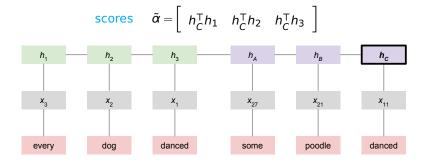




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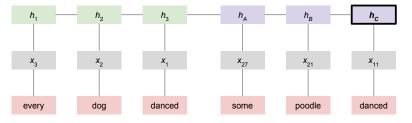
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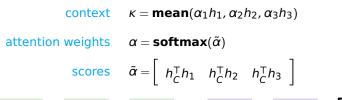
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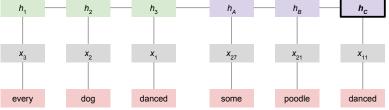
#### attention weights $\alpha = \mathbf{softmax}(\tilde{\alpha})$

scores 
$$\tilde{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_1 & h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_2 & h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_3 \end{bmatrix}$$



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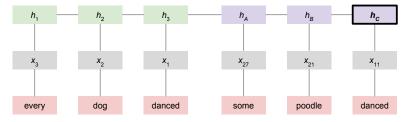
attention combo  $\tilde{h} = \tanh([\kappa; h_C]W_{\kappa})$ 

**context**  $\kappa = \mathbf{mean}(\alpha_1h_1, \alpha_2h_2, \alpha_3h_3)$ 

attention weights

 $lpha = extbf{softmax}( ilde{lpha})$ 

scores 
$$\tilde{\alpha} = \left[ \begin{array}{cc} h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_1 & h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_2 & h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_3 \end{array} \right]$$



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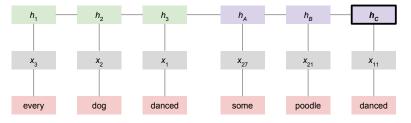
attention combo  $\tilde{h} = \tanh([\kappa; h_C]W_\kappa) \text{ or } \tilde{h} = \tanh(\kappa W_\kappa + h_C W_h)$ 

**context**  $\kappa = \mathbf{mean}(\alpha_1h_1, \alpha_2h_2, \alpha_3h_3)$ 

attention weights

$$\pmb{lpha} = \mathbf{softmax}( ilde{\pmb{lpha}})$$

scores 
$$\tilde{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_1 & h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_2 & h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_3 \end{bmatrix}$$



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classifier  $y = \mathbf{softmax}(\tilde{h}W + b)$ 

attention combo

 $\tilde{h} = \operatorname{tanh}([\kappa; h_C]W_{\kappa})$ 

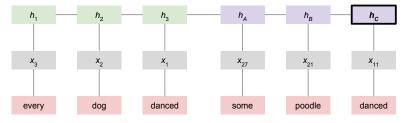
context

 $\kappa = \mathbf{mean}(\alpha_1h_1, \alpha_2h_2, \alpha_3h_3)$ 

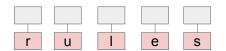
attention weights

$$lpha = extsf{softmax}( ilde{lpha})$$

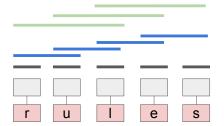
scores 
$$\tilde{\alpha} = \left[ \begin{array}{cc} h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_1 & h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_2 & h_C^{\mathsf{T}} h_3 \end{array} \right]$$



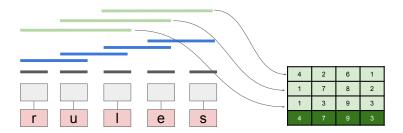
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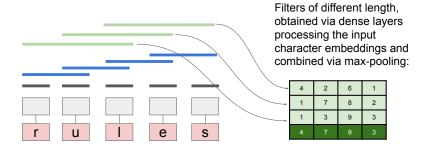
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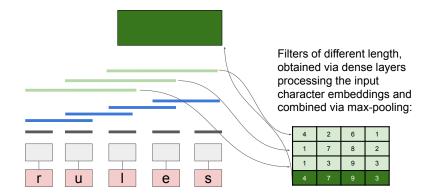
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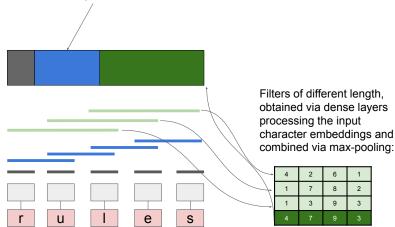


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Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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Max-pooling layers concatenated to form the word representation.



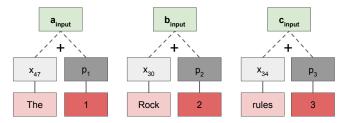
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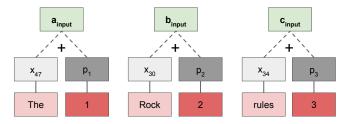
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#### Guiding idea: Positional encoding



Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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#### Guiding idea: Positional encoding





From 'The Annotated Transformer'

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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ELMo				

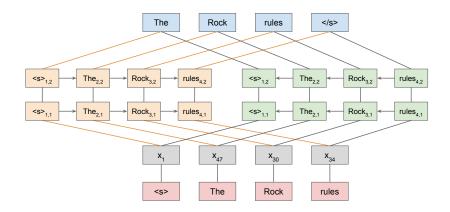
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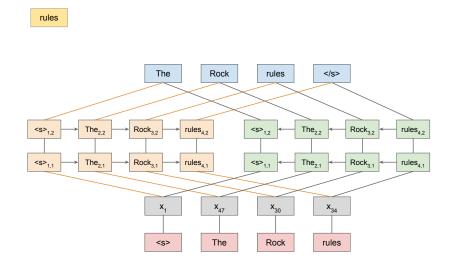
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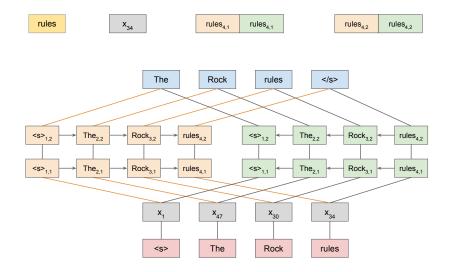
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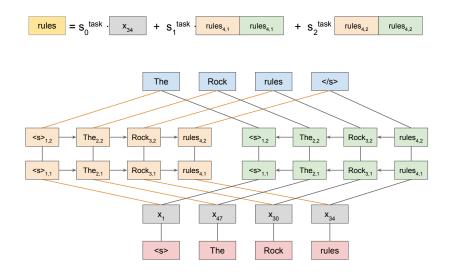
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A series of convolutional filters with max pooling, concatenated to form the initial representation



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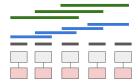
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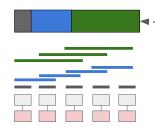


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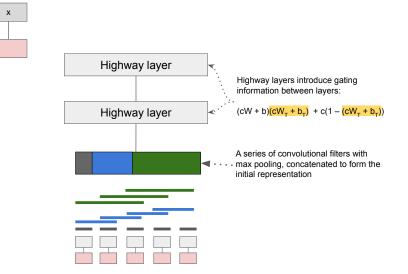
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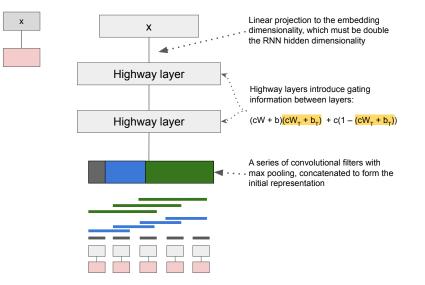
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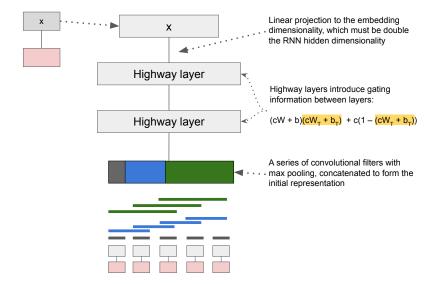
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# Word embeddings



Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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# Word embeddings



Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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### ELMo model releases

	LSTM			
Model	Parameters	Hidden size	Output size	Highway layers
Small	13.6M	1024	128	1
Medium	28.0M	2048	256	1
Original	93.6M	4096	512	2
Original (5.5B)	93.6M	4096	512	2

Additional details at <a href="https://allennlp.org/elmo">https://allennlp.org/elmo</a>; the options files reveal additional information about the subword convolutional filters, activation functions, thresholds, and layer dimensions.

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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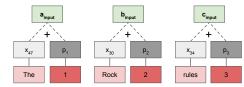
### Transformers

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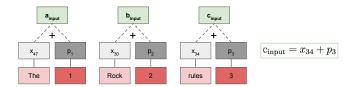
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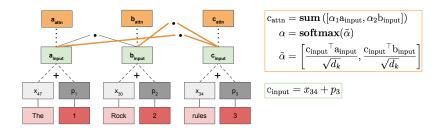
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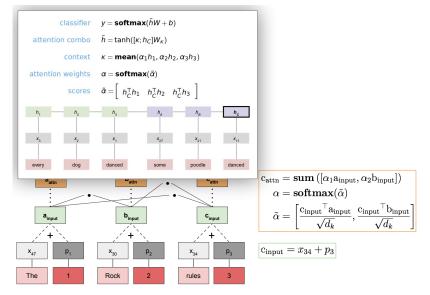
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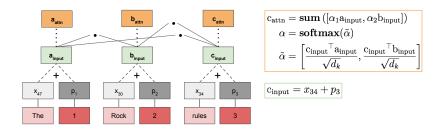
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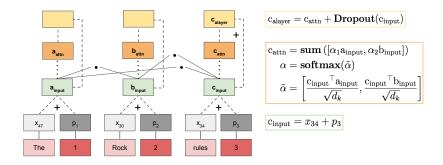
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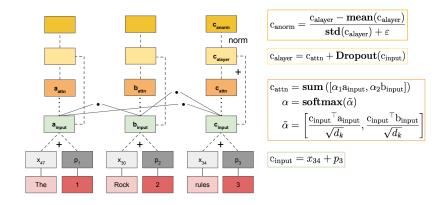
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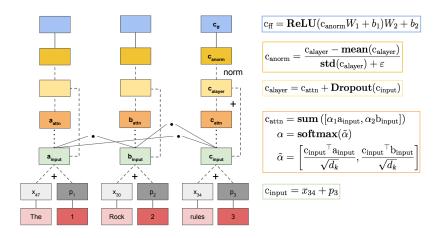
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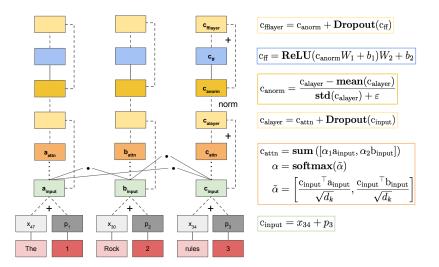
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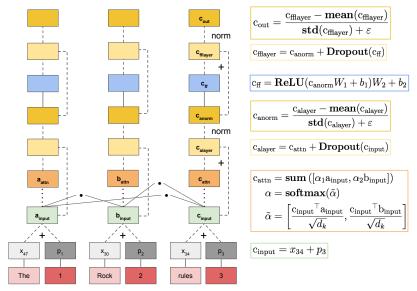
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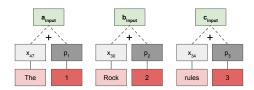
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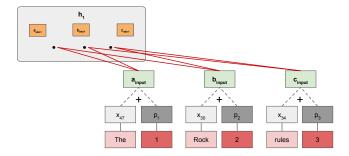
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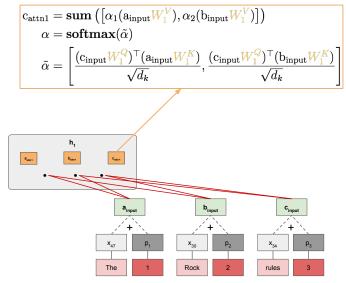
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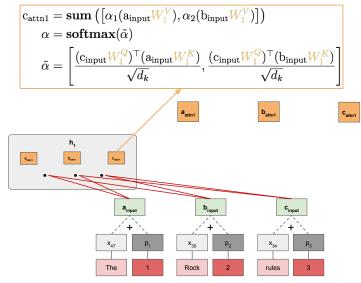
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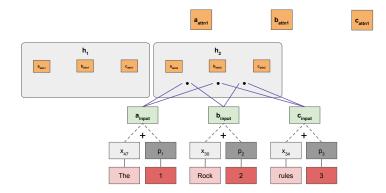
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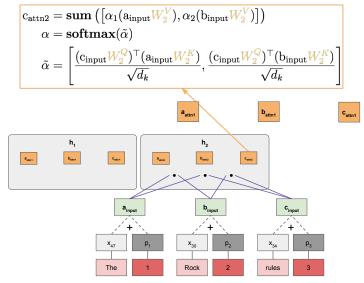
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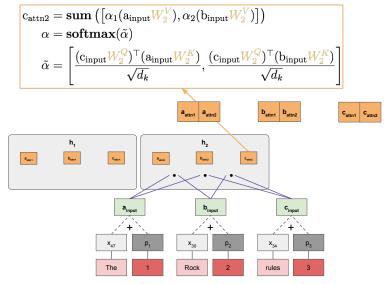
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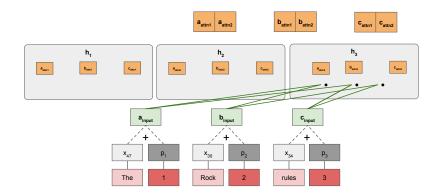
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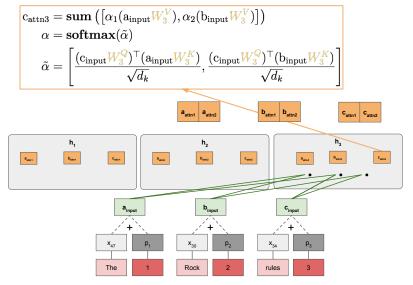
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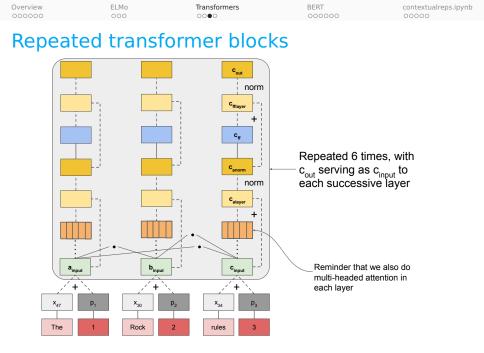


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$$c_{\text{attn3}} = \text{sum} \left( \left[ \alpha_1(a_{\text{input}} W_3^V), \alpha_2(b_{\text{input}} W_3^V) \right] \right) \\ \alpha = \text{softmax}(\tilde{\alpha}) \\ \tilde{\alpha} = \left[ \frac{(c_{\text{input}} W_3^Q)^{\top}(a_{\text{input}} W_3^K)}{\sqrt{d_k}}, \frac{(c_{\text{input}} W_3^Q)^{\top}(b_{\text{input}} W_3^K)}{\sqrt{d_k}} \right] \\ \hline a_{\text{attn}} a_{\text{atto}} a_{\text{atto}} b_{\text{attn}} b_{\text{atto}} c_{\text{atto}} c_{\text{a$$

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{c}_{\text{attn3}} &= \mathbf{sum} \left( \left[ \alpha_1(\mathbf{a}_{\text{input}} W_3^V), \alpha_2(\mathbf{b}_{\text{input}} W_3^V) \right] \right) \\ \alpha &= \mathbf{softmax}(\tilde{\alpha}) \\ \tilde{\alpha} &= \left[ \frac{(\mathbf{c}_{\text{input}} W_3^Q)^{\top}(\mathbf{a}_{\text{input}} W_3^X)}{\sqrt{d_k}}, \frac{(\mathbf{c}_{\text{input}} W_3^Q)^{\top}(\mathbf{b}_{\text{input}} W_3^K)}{\sqrt{d_k}} \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{\mathbf{a}_{\text{attn1}} \mathbf{a}_{\text{attn2}} \mathbf{a}_{\text{attn3}} \mathbf{b}_{\text{attn3}} \mathbf{b}_{\text{attn2}} \mathbf{c}_{\text{attn2}} \mathbf{c}_{\text{attn3}} \mathbf{c}_{\text{attn3}$$



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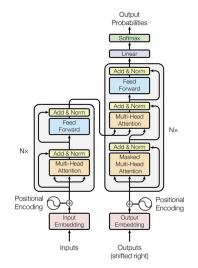


Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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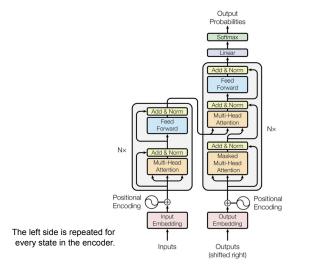


Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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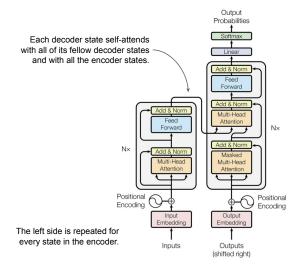
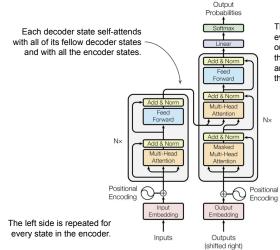


Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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The right side is repeated for every decoder state, with outputs for each state that has them (all of them for dialogue and machine translation, only the final one for NLI).

Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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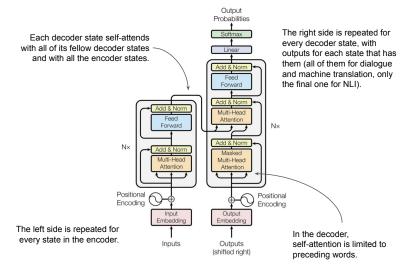
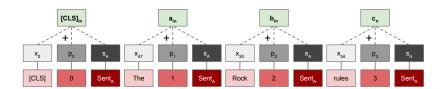


Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.

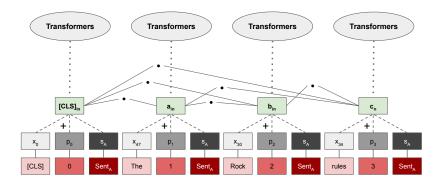
Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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BERT				

- 1. Overview: Resources and guiding insights
- 2. ELMo: Embeddings from Language Models
- 3. Transformers
- 4. BERT: Bidirectional Encoder Representations from Transformers
- contextualreps.ipynb: Easy ways to bring ELMo and BERT into your project

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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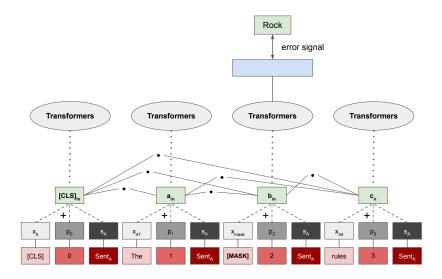


Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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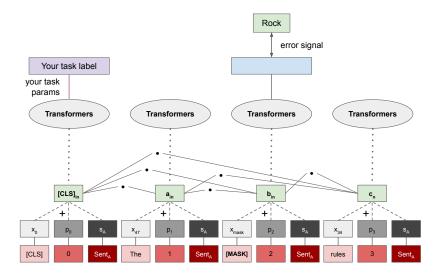
Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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### Masked Language Modeling (MLM)



Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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### Transfer learning and fine-tuning



Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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## Binary sentence prediction pretraining

#### Positive: Actual sentence sequences

- [CLS] the man went to [MASK] store [SEP]
- he bought a gallon [MASK] milk [SEP]
- Label: IsNext

#### Negative: Randomly chosen second sentence

- [CLS] the man went to [MASK] store [SEP]
- penguin [MASK] are flight ##less birds [SEP]
- Label: NotNext

```
Overview
                     ELMo
                                      Transformers
                                                             BERT
                                                              000000
Tokenization and the BERT embedding space
        In [1]: import random
                # In the code from https://aithub.com/google-research/bert
               from tokenization import FullTokenizer
        In [2]: vocab_filename = "uncased_L-12_H-768_A-12/vocab.txt"
        In [3]: with open(vocab_filename) as f:
                   vocab = f.read().splitlines()
        In [4]: len(vocab)
        Out[4]: 30522
        In [5]: random.sample(vocab, 5)
        Out[5]: ['folder', '##gged', 'principles', 'moving', '##ceae']
        In [6]: tokenizer = FullTokenizer(vocab_file=vocab_filename, do_lower_case=True)
        In [7]: tokenizer.tokenize("This isn't too surprising!")
        Out[7]: ['this', 'isn', "'", 't', 'too', 'surprising', '!']
        In [8]: tokenizer.tokenize("Does BERT know Snuffleupagus?")
        Out[8]: ['does', 'bert', 'know', 's', '##nu', '##ffle', '##up', '##ag', '##us', '?']
```

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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# **BERT** model releases

#### Base

- Transformer layers: 12
- Hidden representations: 768 dimensions
- Attention heads: 12
- Total parameters: 110M

#### Large

- Transformer layers: 24
- Hidden representations: 1024 dimensions
- Attention heads: 16
- Total parameters: 340M

Limited to sequences of 512 tokens due to dimensionality of the positional embeddings.

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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# contextualreps.ipynb

- 1. Overview: Resources and guiding insights
- 2. ELMo: Embeddings from Language Models
- 3. Transformers
- 4. BERT: Bidirectional Encoder Representations from Transformers
- contextualreps.ipynb: Easy ways to bring ELMo and BERT into your project

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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Guiding	idea			

- Your existing architecture can benefit from contextual representations.
- contextualreps.ipynb shows you how to bring in ELMo and BERT representations.
- You don't get the benefits of fine-tuning (for that, you need to integrate more fully with ELMo and BERT code), but you still get a reliable boost!

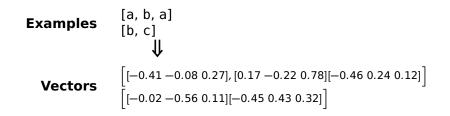
Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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## Standard RNN dataset preparation

			Embedding			
Examples	[a, b, a]	1	-0.42	0.10	0.12	
Lyampies	[b, c]	2	-0.16	-0.21	0.29	
	$\Downarrow$	3	-0.26	0.31	0.37	
Indices	[1, 2, 1] [2, 3] ↓					
Vectors	[-0.42 0.10 0	),12],[	-0.16 -0.2	21 0.29], [–	-0.42 0.1	
Vectors	[-0.16-0.21	0.29]	,[—0.26 0.3	31 0.37]		

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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**RNN** contextual representation inputs



Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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## Code snippet: ELMo RNN inputs

```
In [1]: from allennlp.commands.elmo import ElmoEmbedder
        import os
        import sst
        from torch_rnn_classifier import TorchRNNClassifier
In [2]: SST_HOME = os.path.join("data", "trees")
In [3]: elmo = ElmoEmbedder()
In [4]: def elmo_phi(tree):
            vecs = elmo.embed sentence(tree.leaves())
            return vecs.mean(axis=0)
In [5]: def fit_rnn(X, y):
            mod = TorchRNNClassifier(vocab=[], max_iter=50, use_embedding=False)
            mod.fit(X, y)
            return mod
```

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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# Code snippet: ELMo RNN inputs

e f t a	<pre>experiment = ST_HOME, elmo_phi, eit_rnn, crain_reader= sssess_reader vectorize=Fal</pre>	sst.train =sst.dev_	_reader,		
Finished epoc	ch 50 of 50;	error is	0.073577156	329041195	
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
negative			f1-score 0.693	support 428	
negative neutral	0.700	0.687		428	
neutral	0.700	0.687 0.284	0.693 0.315	428	
neutral	0.700 0.353 0.710	0.687 0.284	0.693 0.315 0.750	428 229 444	
neutral positive	0.700 0.353 0.710 0.647	0.687 0.284 0.795 0.647	0.693 0.315 0.750 0.647	428 229 444	

Overview EL	.Mo T	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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### Code snippet: BERT RNN inputs

```
In [1]: # bert-serving-start -model_dir data/bert/uncased_L-12_H-768_A-12/ \
    # -pooling_strategy NONE -max_seq_len NONE -show_tokens_to_client
    from bert_serving.client import BertClient
    import os
    import sst
    from torch_rnn_classifier import TorchRNNClassifier
In [2]: SST_HOME = os.path.join("data", "trees")
In [3]: # Load the train and dev sets as strings, to let BERT tokenize:
    sst_train = [(" ".join(t.leaves()), label) for t, label in sst.train_reader(SST_HOME)]
    sst_dev = [(" ".join(t.leaves()), label) for t, label in sst.dev_reader(SST_HOME)]
In [4]: X_str_train, y_train = zip(*sst_train)
    X_str_dev, y_dev = zip(*sst_dev)
In [5]: X_str_dev, y_dev = zip(*sst_dev)
```

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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### Code snippet: BERT RNN inputs

```
In [6]: bc = BertClient(check_length=False)
In [7]: # Prefetch all the BERT representations:
    X_bert_train = bc.encode(list(X_str_train), show_tokens=False)
    X_bert_dev = bc.encode(list(X_str_dev), show_tokens=False)
In [8]: # Create a look-up for fast featurization:
    BERT_LOOKUP = {}
    for sents, reps in ((X_str_train, X_bert_train), (X_str_dev, X_bert_dev)):
        assert len(sents) == len(reps)
        for s, rep in zip(sents, reps):
            BERT_LOOKUP[s] = rep
```

Overview	ELMo	Transformers	BERT	contextualreps.ipynb
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### Code snippet: BERT RNN inputs

```
In [9]: def bert_phi(tree):
          s = " ".join(tree.leaves())
          return BERT LOOKUP[s]
In [10]: def fit rnn(X, v):
           mod = TorchRNNClassifier(vocab=[], max_iter=50, use_embedding=False)
           mod.fit(X, v)
           return mod
In [11]: bert rnn experiment = sst.experiment(
           SST_HOME,
           bert phi.
           fit_rnn,
           train_reader=sst.train_reader,
           assess_reader=sst.dev_reader,
           vectorize=False)
Finished epoch 50 of 50; error is 2.6541710644960403
            precision recall f1-score
                                         support
   negative
             0.767
                       0 668
                                 0 714
                                             428
    neutral
            0.322 0.323 0.322
                                             229
   positive
               0.737 0.827 0.779
                                             444
            0.660
                       0.660 0.660
  micro avg
                                            1101
  macro avg
            0.608 0.606 0.605
                                            1101
weighted avg
               0.662
                         0.660
                                 0.659
                                            1101
```

## References I

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Smith, Noah A. 2019. Contextual word representations: A contextual introduction. ArXiv:1902.06006v2.
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S. Vishwanathan & R. Garnett (eds.), Advances in neural information processing systems 30, 5998–6008. Curran Associates, Inc. http://papers.nips.cc/paper/7181-attention-is-all-you-need.pdf.